POILICIES AND PROCEDURES MANUAIL



Fountaingate Christian Assembly has a spiritual, moral and legal obligation to provide a secure environment for children participating in church programs that are under the auspices and authority of the church. Child abuse is a criminal act as well as a violation of human conscience and dignity. It is a violation of God's moral law within the trusted context of relationship. It is criminal behavior that causes emotional, physical and spiritual trauma to victims, and has destructive consequences for abusers. The devastating effects on the credibility of the church ministry and the name of Christ make it essential that the church take all appropriate steps to prevent abusive incidences from occurring.

Produced By:
The Pentecostal Assemblies of Canada
Canadian Ministries Department
6745 Century Ave.
Mississauga ON L5N 6P7
(Adapted with Permission from Evangel Tabernacle, Kelowna BC)

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INTRODUCTION

THE SPIRITUAL AND MORAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHURCH

Everyone who teaches, helps or cares for children and/or youth under the auspices of Fountaingate Christian Assembly is required to follow the guidelines and procedures as defined in this document. The Church Board and membership has reviewed and adopted them as official policy.

This plan is designed to assist church leaders in their recruiting of volunteers and, to the greatest extent possible, provide for the safety of the children served by these volunteers.

he gospel of Mark records that when people brought little children to Jesus, He took them in his arms, put His hands on them and blessed them. As a church, it is our desire to bring children to Jesus, too.

In the church, we recognize that we are a reflection of God's love to those in our care and we take our responsibility to them seriously. In our ministry to children we must follow carefully what the scriptures teach:

- 1. Avoid every kind of evil. (I Thess. 5:22)
- 2. But among you there must not be even a hint of sexual immorality, or of any kind of impurity, or of greed, because these are improper for God's holy people. (Eph. 5:3)
- 3. But if anyone causes one of these little ones who believe in me to sin, it would be better for him to have a large millstone hung around his neck and to be drowned in the depths of the sea. (Matt. 18:6)
- 4. If your brother sins against you, go and show him his fault, just between the two of you. If he listens to you, you have won your brother over. But if he will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses. If he refuses to listen to them, tell it to the church; and if he refuses to listen even to the church, treat him as you would a pagan. (Matt 18:15-17)



These guidelines are therefore set forth to provide a safe and nurturing environment in which we can bring our children to the Saviour. We view ourselves as partners with parents, seeking to provide quality care and instruction in our ministry to the family. All of our guidelines are designed to protect and promote growth in God for each child and adult involved.

Chapter 1

UNDERSTRANDING THE NEED

Reducing the Risk of Child Sexual Abuse

Fountaingate Christian Assembly has a mandate to minister to individuals, families, adults, youth and children. In that context, Fountaingate Christian Assembly stresses the sanctity of human life and the importance and worth of each individual as a child of God.

The disturbing and traumatic rise of physical and sexual abuse of children has claimed the attention of our nation and society. Unfortunately, churches who have children's programs are not insulated from this alarming trend. In response to this trend, it is our commitment to provide reasonable protective care to all preschoolers, children and youth attending any programs sponsored by Fountaingate Christian Assembly. We feel compelled to establish guidelines for the prevention of child abuse.

We recognize that formal guidelines and procedures will help prevent the opportunity for abuse to arise in the future.

We believe that childhood innocence is a gift given by God. Children are naturally trusting. Children readily place their faith in adults who care for them. It is our responsibility as a church to safeguard that trust. Childhood innocence is a gift that we must Plan to Protect within our church.



"Children have neither power nor property. Voices other than their own must speak for them. If those voices are silent then children who have been abused may lean their heads against window panes and taste the bitter emptiness of violated childhoods."

Justice Francis T. Murphy

It Can Happen in Any Church

ncidents of molestation can occur in any church - including ours. Churches have traditionally accepted the services of anyone expressing an interest in working as a volunteer with children or youth. Churches are by nature trusting and unsuspecting institutions. Asking sensitive questions of those who are giving their time and talent can be seen as distasteful by church leaders. No one wants to offend potential workers, especially long-time church members with a history of good service. These qualities can make a church susceptible to incidents of child molestation.

There are few topics that create more emotion than that of child abuse, especially if it is sexual in nature.

Ed begins attending First Church. After a few weeks, he volunteers to work with the youth group. Church staff members do not know Ed, but they are delighted to have another worker. He is put to work immediately. The youth group has an overnight activity a few months later. Following the activity, two minors report that they were sexually molested by Ed. The parents of one of the minors contact a lawyer, and a \$3 million lawsuit is brought against Ed, the church and the church board. The parents claim that the church (and the church board) acted negligently by not doing any background investigation before using Ed as a volunteer worker.

Impact

A single incident of child molestation can devastate a church and divide the congregation. Members become outraged and bewildered. Parents question whether their own children have been victimized. The viability of the church's youth and children's programs is jeopardized. And church leaders face blame and guilt for allowing the incident to happen.

Such incidents often result in massive media attention, sometimes on a national scale. Television stations conduct live interviews from church property on the evening news. Front page stories hit the local paper. Community residents begin to associate the church with the incident of molestation. But far more tragic is the emotional trauma to the victim and the victim's family, and the enormous potential legal liability the church faces. If a trial ensues, the issue stays alive in the media for months, sometimes even years.

In making sure Fountaingate Christian Assembly is a safer place, we will be:

- a) Safeguarding preschoolers, children and youth of our church from abuse.
- b) Protecting the church staff and volunteer workers from potential allegations of sexual abuse
- c) Limiting the extent of legal risk and liability due to any such sexual abuse.

Chapter 2

UNDERSTANDING CHILD ABUSE

Definition

"Childabuse" isdefinedasfollows:

- It can be physical, emotional or sexual.
- All child abuse involves the misuse of power.
- Misuse of power takes place when people take advantage of the authority or power they have over vulnerable people.
- Vulnerable people include adults with physical or mental disabilities and children. (Note: Our provincial Child and family Services Act states that a "child means a person under the age of eighteen years.")

<u>PhysicalAbuse</u> is using physical force or action that results, or could result, in injury to a child or youth. It is more than reasonable discipline. Sometimes injury is caused by over-discipline. Injuring a child or youth is not acceptable, regardless of differing cultural standards on discipline.

In 97 per cent of reported cases of physical abuse, parents are the perpetrators (Wolfe).*

The perpetrator of physical abuse is approximately 1.5 times more likely to be male than female (Wolfe).*

EmotionalAbuse is a pattern of hurting a child's feelings to the point of damaging their self-respect. It includes verbal attacks on the child, insults, humiliation or rejection. A child or youth who is emotionally harmed may demonstrate severe anxiety, depression, withdrawal, self-destructive or aggressive behaviour.

SexualAbuse occurs when a child or youth is used by somebody else for sexual stimulation or gratification. Sexual activity between children or youth may also be sexual abuse if older or more powerful children or youth take sexual advantage of those who are younger or less powerful. Children to children abuse is handled with care so those involved are not identified.

The Law Reform Committee of Canada defines child sexual abuse as "Exposure of the child to sexual stimulation inappropriate for his age and role- the sexual exploitation of a child who is not developed mentally, capable of understanding or resisting the contact; or a child or adolescent who may be psychologically or socially dependent upon the perpetrator."

*Wolfe, David. Child Abuse. Implications for Child Development and Psychopathology. Newbury Park, California: Sage, 1987. P.20.

Child sexual abuse includes behaviour that involves touching and non-touching aspects.

Types of abuse that involve touching include:

- Fondling
- Oral, genital and anal penetration
- Intercourse
- Forcible rape

Types of sexual abuse that do not involve touching include:

- Verbal comments
- Pornographic videos
- Obscene phone calls
- Exhibitionism
- Allowing children to witness sexual activity

The full extent of child sexual abuse in North America is not known. Current conservative estimates suggest that from 500,000 to over 1,500,000 children are sexually abused each year.

Symptoms of Abuse and Molestation

Church workers and staff should be alert to the physical signs of abuse and molestation, as well as to behavioural and verbal signs that a victim may exhibit. A one-time event would not necessarily constitute a potential abuse case; sudden unexplained changes, however, would warrant investigation. Some of the more common signs are summarized below:

Physicalsignsmay include:

- · lacerations and bruises
- nightmares
- · irritation, pain or injury to the genital area
- difficulty with urination
- discomfort when sitting
- torn or bloody underclothing
- venereal disease

Behavioralsignsmay include:

- anxiety when approaching church or nursery area
- nervous or hostile behaviour toward adults
- sexual self-consciousness
- "acting out" sexual behaviour
- withdrawal from church activities and friends

Verbalsignsmay includethefollowingstatements:

- I don't like (names a particular person)
- (Particular person) does things to me when we're alone
- I don't like to be alone with (particular person)
- · (Particular person) fooled around with me

The Effects of Child Sexual Abuse

hild sexual abuse robs children of Itheir childhood and can potentially scar its young victims for life. Too often in the past, the effects of abuse were minimized or dismissed. Children were viewed as being resilient. Recent research has shown that children can suffer significant pain from even a single abusive incident. Church members must be aware of the pain and long term suffering that can accompany such abuse. Abused children can display a wide range of negative symptoms in the aftermath of abuse. Abuse can result in abnormal fears, post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), aggressive behaviour,

"The personal violation of child sexual abuse causes the victim to experience many losses... including loss of childhood memories, loss of healthy social contact, loss of the opportunity to learn, loss of bodily integrity, loss of identity and selfesteem, loss of trust, loss of sexual maturity, and loss of self-determination. All of these personal violations mean that victims of child sexual abuse lose the child's right to a normal childhood. In adulthood it may also mean the loss of the capacity to appreciate sexual intimacy as nurturing, holy and loving." (The Report of the Winter Commission, 1990, Vol.1, p.118)

sexual "acting out", depression, diffused sexual identity, and poor self-esteem. (Ksendall-Tackett, Williams, and Finkelhor, 1991) The incidence of sexually transmitted disease is also a possible outcome.

he degree of damage depends upon several factors including the intensity, duration and frequency of the abuse. In addition, the relationship of the

perpetrator to the child matters. If the abuser is a known and trusted authority figure in the child's life, the degree of impact increases dramatically.



Consequences of child sexual abuse can plague victims into adulthood. Outcome studies of adult survivors of child sexual abuse suggest the following effects: sexual dysfunction, eating disorders, substance abuse, promiscuity, disassociation from emotions, and possible perpetration of sexual abuse on others. When church leaders, pastors, and respected congregational workers perpetrate the abuse, lifelong religious confusion and deep feelings of enmity toward God and the church can occur.

The Profile of a Child Molester

Who is the typical child molester? Some church leaders assume that molesters are "strangers wearing trench coats" or "dirty old men." These stereotypes not only are inaccurate, but they dangerously contribute to a false sense of security. Researchers in the field of child sexual abuse currently indicate that no one profile fits the various perpetrators of abuse. Church leaders can become preoccupied screening stereotypes, while not suspecting the real molester could be an active adult or teen in the church.

Bob sat dejectedly before the church board. His broad shoulders slumped as he tearfully retold his story. Bob has been sexually molesting his thirteen year old daughter for the last two years. This activity may have gone undetected except that Bob tried to abuse his daughter's girlfriend while chaperoning a Sunday School activity. The young girl reported the incident to her parents and Bob was apprehended. The church leaders hearing this confession sat in disbelief. How could Bob, a successful businessman, husband, father of three children, and respected church worker commit such actions?

Consider the following:

Over eighty percent of the time, the abuser is someone known to the victim.

Most abuse takes place within the context of an ongoing relationship. The usual offender is between the ages of 20 - 30 years.

20 percent of sex offenders begin their activity before the age of 18. Child abusers often are married and have children. If abuse occurs in our church, a respected member will most likely be the molester. Emphasis upon "stranger danger" will leave our church ill prepared. While it's uncomfortable even to consider this, the most likely assailants include Sunday School teachers, religious educators, nursery or preschool workers, teachers in a church operated school, camp counsellors, scout leaders, "concerned" adults who volunteer to transport children to church, and clergy. Trusted adults – male or female – can easily mislead children and most incidents of child sexual abuse take place in the context of an

ongoing relationship between the abuser and the child.

Note: The law states "No person shall publish or make public information that has the effect of identifying a child who is a witness at or a participant in a hearing or the subject of a proceeding, or the child's parent or foster parent or a member of the child's family. R.S.O. 1990, c. C.11, s. 45 (8)."

THE CHURCH'S LEGAL VULNERABILITY

Why Churches are Susceptible

Churches have unique features that can make them susceptible to incidents of child molestation. This risk increases dramatically for overnight activities.

<u>Access:</u> The Boy Scouts, Big Brothers, and similar organizations have instituted comprehensive programs to reduce the risk of child molestation. Child molesters are attracted to an institution in which they have immediate access to potential victims in an atmosphere of complete trust.

<u>Need:</u> Most churches struggle to get adequate help for children and youth programs. Recruiting nursery workers, for example, can become an unending effort. Turnover among volunteer workers is also high. A willing volunteer worker provides welcome relief.

Churches need to understand the extent of their liability. Churches are not "guarantors" of the safety and well-being of children. They are not absolutely liable for every injury that occurs on their premises or in the course of their activities.

Generally, they are responsible only for those injuries that result from their negligence. Victims of molestation who have sued a church often allege that the church was negligent in not adequately screening applicants or for not providing adequate supervision.

The Civil and Legal Liability of the Church

Increasingly and often more dramatically, the church and its personnel (i.e. staff, directors, officers and ministers) are being held accountable for the acts of individual abusers within the church even though neither the church, nor its leaders were aware of the abuse or condoned it. Churches are being sued in Civil Courts for damages sustained by victims and their families. Those victims and their families are attempting to hold churches accountable by alleging that:



- the church is vicariously liable for the acts of its personnel, be they paid staff or volunteer staff, regardless of whether the church was itself negligent or even knew of the abuse,
- the church was negligent in its hiring or accepting personnel, whether paid or volunteer, and
- the church was negligent in the supervising or monitoring of its personnel or membership.

(Church and the Law Update, June 1994)

Chapter 4

CHILD PROTECTION PROCEDURES

Fountaingate Christian Assembly is committed to the following:

- 1. We will screen all paid employees, including ministerial staff, and volunteers who work with preschoolers, children or youth.
- 2. We will do criminal record checks on all our workers, for any position involving work with preschoolers, children or

youth. Anyone with criminal abuse violations will not be allowed to work with our children and youth.

"Is screening important? Ask any member of a church in which an incident of sexual abuse has occurred."

Reducing the Risk of Child Sexual Abuse in Your Church

- 3. We will train all of our staff who work with preschoolers, children or youth, both paid and volunteer, to understand the nature of child sexual abuse, and how to carry out our policies to prevent sexual abuse including our clearly defined reporting procedures for suspected incidents.
- 4. We take seriously, our policies to prevent sexual abuse and will see that they are enforced.
- 5. <u>AllworkerswillsigntheMinistryCovenant,agreeingtocomplywithchurch</u> policies and guidelines.
- 6. We have adopted a basic "Two-Adult" rule. Such a rule says that two adults or an older teen should be present during any children's activity. This rule reduces the risk of child molestation, and also reduces the risk of false accusations of molestation by individuals seeking a quick legal settlement.
- 7. We will follow the "Six Month" rule. <u>Volunteers will be permitted to work with preschoolers, children or youth only having been adherents or members of Fountaingate for a period of six months.</u> Such a policy gives the church an additional opportunity to evaluate applicants and volunteers, and will help to repel persons seeking immediate access to children. (<u>This provision may be waived where the person is transferring in from another church and has a letter of recommendation signed by the pastor of that church). These safeguards are not only to protect our children, but also our workers.</u>

Robert and Beth were startled to discover blood on the underpants on their two year old son, Timothy, after arriving home from church. Robert immediately concluded that Timothy had been molested while in the nursery. He quickly drove back to the church and found Pastor Reynolds still visiting with some members. Pastor Reynolds was stunned by the allegation.

Last year the church had implemented thorough screening procedures and policies to prevent sexual molestation. He and Robert contacted Sally who was in charge of the nursery that Sunday. Sally explained that the two-adult rule was carefully followed and at no time was Timothy or any of the other children in the nursery ever left alone with one attendant. According to Sally, no abuse occurred. The allegation caused her great emotional distress. Later a medical examination revealed that Timothy's bleeding was caused by a skin problem. No molestation had occurred. Everyone was greatly relieved. Sally was thankful she had followed the two-adult rule. What if only one worker had been in the nursery that morning? What if the medical test was inconclusive? It's not hard to see that a charge of abuse can take on a life of its own. The resulting emotional environment becomes intense and painful.

Child Security

- 1. All ministry leaders working with the children must be scheduled and/or approved by the Ministry Leadership or elder in their absence..
- 2. The names and addresses of parents and children must be carefully maintained.
- 3. The parent must provide in writing, any special needs of their child. Each regular child should have the Fountaingate sheet of medical information filled out properly.
- 4. Programs for preschool aged children must provide a sign-in sheet. An accurate



sign-in procedure would include each child's name, parent's name and parent's location during that period of time. Space will be provided for parents to list any special needs. Preschool children should not be received into the classroom until properly signed in. Security precautions are to be taken for all children admitted to preschool/nursery programs. A child will be released to a parent or representative only on the basis of a signature, security number, or in the case of a nursery child, the bearer of the LD.#.

- 5. Children are never to be dropped off in the nursery or classroom without a teacher/caregiver present. If only one teacher/caregiver is present, the door must be left open with the gate across. Doors are to be supervised so that children are not able to exit alone and/or a parent cannot take them from the room without a worker's assistance.
- 6. Parents are not to enter the nursery or classroom when picking up their child unless requested to do so. This better enables the child-care staff to maintain order and provide the level of security that parents would expect.

Washroom Guidelines

Parents are to be encouraged to take their children to visit the washroom prior to each class or service. This recommendation is to be communicated to parents at the beginning of each new school year, and throughout the year to newcomers.

1. Nursery Children

As a general rule, staff in the nursery will not be expected to change diapers.

However in the event that this becomes necessary the following rules will apply:

- Diaper changing must always take place in such a way that another nursery worker can easily see the child that is being changed, as well as the other children and workers in the room.
- Children must be 12 years of age or older, with appropriate training before being permitted to change infant's diapers.

2. PreschoolChildren

- For preschool children, two adults will escort a group of children to the washroom.
 Where we do not have two adults available to take children to the washroom,
 hallway or safety monitors (preferably female) will be appointed to assist with
 washroom and security duties.
- If just one child must go to the washroom, the adult volunteer should escort the child to the washroom and prop the outside door open. The volunteer should then remain outside the washroom door and wait for the child before escorting him or her back to the classroom. The volunteer should call the child's name if they are taking longer than seems necessary.
- Never be alone with a child in an unsupervised washroom with the door shut.
- When preschool children need assistance in the washroom, an adult may enter the
 washroom to assist only when a second adult is within visual contact. If this is not
 possible, inform another adult when taking a child to the washroom and when
 returning. WHAT ABOUT INCLUDING PARENTS???
- In light of the fact that most abusers are male, and for the protection of our male volunteers, it would be wise for men to avoid assisting boys or girls of any age in the washrooms. We suggest that only women assist children in the washrooms.

3. Grades1-6 and Youth

 A child seven years of age and younger should not be sent to the washroom alone, but should be accompanied by an adult volunteer worker.

- For children seven years of age and under, the adult volunteer should escort the child to the washroom, and prop the door open to make sure that everything is in order. The volunteer should then remain outside the washroom door and wait for the child before escorting him or her back to the classroom.
- The volunteer should call the child's name if they are taking longer than seems necessary.
- Never go into a washroom with a child/youth and shut the door.

Health and Safety Guidelines

A. <u>SickChildren</u>

A child who is ill and could therefore expose other children and workers to illness, should not be received into the nursery. Some signs of illness are unusual fatigue or irritability, coughing, sneezing, runny nose and eyes, fever, vomiting, diarrhea, inflamed mouth and throat. Any child with a known communicable disease should not be received into the nursery or a classroom.



B. Emergencies

Fountaingate Christian Assembly workers are not to give or apply any medication. If a child needs medicating, the parent must give it. No medication will be left in the classroom or with a worker or child. In extreme cases (i.e. peanut allergies, ventilators, etc.) arrangements should be made with written instructions and the permission of the child's parent.

C. ProceduresforDealingwithCutsorInjuriesInvolvingBlood

- Separate the injured child from the other children. Isolate the area where any blood may have dropped on carpet, toys, etc. Apply first aid measures and send someone to locate the parents.
- If other children have had contact with any of the blood from the cut or injury, their parents should be informed.



- Put on latex gloves (available in the first-aid kit) and bandage the injury, avoiding contact with mouth, ears and eyes.
- Carefully wipe up all blood and bloody bandages and remove to a secure, inaccessible waste removal receptacle.
- Any blood on the floor or toys must be washed away using a solution of one part bleach to ten parts water.
- Remove and properly dispose of latex gloves. Dispose of the gloves in the garbage can and wash carefully with sterilizing soap (available in first-aid kit).

D. Cleanliness

• Sanitize the child care areas weekly. Regularly clean all surfaces, toys, tables, trays, bedding, bibs and doors. Place used toys in a bin marked for washing and clean them each week. Clean carpets every month.

Classroom Staffing and Supervision Guidelines

Workers should always conduct themselves in a Godly manner, being an example of obedience, respect and honesty to those in their care.

<u>Personnel</u>



Programs that involve children and youth must always include adequate supervisory personnel. Supervision should also be maintained before and after the event until all children are in the custody of their parents or legal guardians.

The Danger:

In one church the elementary grade Sunday School class frequently dismissed before the adult class. While the parents remain in class, the children often run freely around church property. One Sunday, two ten year old boys sexually molest an unsupervised eight year old girl in a vacant classroom.

Our desire is to provide a safe, loving classroom where the child feels comfortable and learning can take place. Therefore we recommend the following guidelines:

A. <u>TwoLeaders</u>

As a general rule there is to be a minimum of two leaders in any room with children, except in the event of an emergency situation. Classes can use high school students or have parents help out on a rotational basis. A temporary alternative to the two adult guideline is the open door policy.



Example:

Fred, a college student and a volunteer worker with the church's high school youth group, announces he is available for transportation if any of the members need a ride to group activities. Anne, a seventeen year old high school senior asks Fred for a ride. This violates the two-adult rule. Such arrangements would not be permitted.

Example:

Stan, the youth pastor wants to meet with each member of the youth group to get to know them better. He requests that the church reimburse his expenses to take each student out for a coke. The board approves the request, but instructs Stan that two students must be present at each meeting and that he should not meet with any student alone, unless the parental permission rule, as described below, is followed

Example:

Randy, an adult member of First Church, volunteers to pick up a 10-year old boy on his way to church each week. The boy lives with his mother who is delighted to have a "father figure" express an interest in her son. This arrangement presents not only a risk of molestation, but also of false charges. It should be discouraged, unless a second adult is present with Randy every time the boy is picked up.

B. ObtainParentalPermission

What about situations where an adult has a legitimate reason to be alone with a child? Church staff or volunteer workers must obtain the consent of the child's parent or guardian before going out alone with that child, or spending time with the child in an unsupervised situation. Workers must also notify an appropriate church leader of such meetings in advance. (Remove) Children must have parental permission for involvement in church sponsored field trips or overnight events.

Example:

Recently, drugs were discovered in the possession of a fourteen year old male member of the youth group while he was at school. Stan, the youth pastor, offers to pick him up after school on Tuesday with the hope of providing the boy adult support. This conduct violates the parental permission rule. Stan must first gain permission from the student's parents before a private meeting can occur. He should also notify the senior pastor of his intentions in advance. (remove).

Example:

A female member of the youth group explains she has a problem she cannot share with her parents and wants to meet the youth pastor alone after school to discuss it. She insists that the youth pastor not tell her parents. This meeting violates the parental permission rule. The youth pastor can meet with the student if a second, preferably female, volunteer worker is present.

C. OpenDoors

When it is necessary that only one adult leader be in a closed room with children (e.g. leader leaves room to take children to the washroom; a small class where there is one teacher for a classroom of 3 children), the door of that room should remain open. All class rooms have windows or window doors that will allow Ministry Leaders to look in occasionally without interrupting the teaching process.

D. <u>AgeExpectation</u>

In large churches, where parents may not know the volunteer, it is important to have at least one volunteer who is 18 years of age or older. In some cases where volunteers and parents are known to each other, volunteers between the ages of 12 and 18 may supervise a group of children. When these younger volunteers are used, the open door policy is to be enforced. (remove)

E. PreschoolClasses

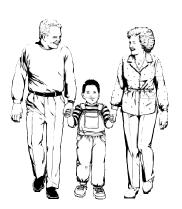
All preschool rooms are to be staffed with at least one female adult worker to better facilitate observance of the washroom guidelines.

F. SupervisoryStaff

The supervisory staff should make regular visits to the classroom to make sure the class is properly staffed and supervised.

G. <u>FamilyProtection</u>

Family ministry teams work well together and should be encouraged as a method of staffing. However, for the protection of this family unit, we recommend the presence of at least one other volunteer not related to the family.



Proper Display of Affection

Touch is an essential responsibility in nurturing lives. Volunteers need to be aware of, and sensitive to, differences in sexual development, cultural differences, family



A. AppropriateTouch

Love and caring can be expressed in the following appropriate ways, by:



Putting an arm around the shoulder of a child who needs quieting or comforting.

- •Taking both of the child's hands as you say, "You did such a good job!" (or "I'm so glad to see you. We've missed you!" etc.)
- Patting a child on the head, hand, shoulder or back to affirm him or her.
- Holding a child by the shoulders or hand to keep his or her attention while you redirect the child's behaviour.
- Gently holding a child's chin to help him or her focus on what you are saying. (important for children with attention deficit disorder)
- Holding a preschool child who is crying
- Bending down to the child's eye level and speaking kindly; listening to him or her carefully
- Taking a child's hand and leading him or her to an activity

B. <u>InappropriateTouch</u> You must avoid:

- Kissing a child, coaxing a child to kiss you, extended hugging and tickling.
- Touching a child in any area that would be covered by a bathing suit (except when assisting a child with toileting as outlined previously).
- Carrying older children or having them sit on your lap.
- Being alone with a child.

Special Events and Overnight Policies

eachers are encouraged to have special class activities in their homes, plan social activities and involve their pupils in field trips and service projects. The following precautions need to be taken with these activities.

A. <u>FieldTripsand SpecialEvents</u>

- Activities conducted away from the church property must be pre-approved by the church leadership.
- Parents should be notified at least one week prior to the outing.
- Proper written consent and medical release forms are required for each child participating in field trips and special events (See Appendixes).
- All trips and outings must be supervised by a minimum of two approved, unrelated adult leaders.
- When the transporting of children is involved in an activity, all drivers must have a valid driver's license and current automobile insurance. The number of persons per car must never exceed the number of seat belts.



B. OvernightEvents

Church sponsored overnight activities may be permitted as long as the following quidelines are met:

All overnight activities must be pre-approved by the church leadership.



- Proper written consent and medical release forms are required for each child participating in overnight events.
- All overnight activities should have a minimum ratio of one leader for every five children. (minimum of two leaders at all times. When only two leaders are required, they must be unrelated). Each leader should have an assigned group of children for whom they will be responsible during the overnight event. All supervising adults must be approved volunteers.

EQUIPMENT FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

Architectural Precautions

When the church plans to build or to renovate, the following items are to be kept in mind where children's classrooms are involved:

<u>Windows</u>

- Large interior windows that allow for easy viewing by parents and supervisor
- Doors with windows which also provide for easy viewing. Sight lines through these windows should remain unobstructed at all times.

Washrooms

- Toilets in the preschool area prevent the need for children to leave the room.
 Windows on preschool washrooms enable helpers to assist the child while in view of other adults.
- Child-size toilets make it possible for children to use the washroom with little assistance.

Nursery Facilities

- Nursery change tables should be in full view.
- Nursery doors should be secured from the inside to prevent anyone from entering unnoticed.
- Nursery sleeping rooms should have a window on the door and a radio transmitter into the adjoining room.
- There should be no baseboard heaters.
- Electrical outlets must be covered or out of reach of children
- Cribs and toys must meet safety standards

Emergency Exit

- An emergency exit plan with maps and procedures should be visible in each classroom.
- All workers need to be familiar with the emergency exit plan.
- Procedures should be reviewed annually for fire emergencies.

FirstAidSupplies/Training

- A first-aid box must be kept on hand and all workers are to view the location and contents regularly.
- A review of those ministry leaders holding first-aid certificates should be made before the fall programs commence. There should be a certified first-aid worker for every 35 children in the program.
- Any first-aid training required should be brought to the attention of the Christian Education Ministry leader.



Chapter 6

RECRUITMENTS OF PAID STEAFF AND VOILUNTEERS

The Ministry Volunteer Application Form and/or Employee Application Form must be completed for all positions involving ministry with children and youth. <u>To protectthechurchfromlegalliabilityand fortheprotectionofallworkers, every prospective ministryleaderincludingestablishedmembersofFountaingateChristian Assembly, must complete the application form found in the Appendix of this document.</u>

Ministry Volunteer Application Form

In cases where children are to be supervised by volunteers, the Ministry Volunteer Application Form should be submitted by the volunteer before interim approval is considered. The Ministry Volunteer Application Form is critical in protecting the church from legal action if a case of child abuse occurs in which a church volunteer is involved.

To protect our children and to be protected from liability, the church must take reasonable action in screening and supervising the volunteers involved in any children's work. (A court can find the church legally liable if it is less than systematic and therefore negligent in screening volunteers). By having everyone fill out these forms and keeping them on file, the church greatly reduces the potential for child abuse and the resultant liability.

Each department must keep its own inventory list of its Ministry Leaders and the status of the application process.

Reference Check

Three personal references are requested on the Ministry Application Form. References that are acceptable are limited to the following:

- Former pastor
- Parents (for minors) qualifies as one reference
- Teacher (for minors)
- · Other volunteer member (who has sufficient strength of relationship to
- comment on the individual's personal habits and character).
- Employer

At least two of these references will be contacted and asked to affirm the appointment of the volunteer. The person making the contacts, the date, and a summary of the reference's comments will all be recorded; this will become part of the Volunteer's Placement File. (See Appendix 3C) Use the suggested "script" for Telephone Follow-up when screening applications. (Appendix 3D)

Interview

An interview provides the ministry leaders with the opportunity to review the important items from the Ministry Volunteer Application Form in a personal setting. This allows the ministry leaders to ask follow-up questions and to enhance their knowledge of the applicant. The information given in the interview will be available only to the pastoral staff and so has limited confidentiality. The interview will also allow the potential volunteer the opportunity of asking questions about various children's ministries and the reasons behind our child protection procedures. The interview will be conducted by a minimum of two ministry leaders. (Remove)

At the same time, each applicant is to be provided with the application for a Criminal Record Check along with the instructions heet describing how and where this form is to be processed.

Criminal Record Check

A Criminal Record Check (CRC) will be made for any approved volunteers who accept a ministry position. All paid staff will also submit to a Criminal Record Check for their own protection and for the protection of the church. All records will be personnel Filesetup for that purpose in the Administration Department and will be considered confidential, accessible only by the pastoral staff. Any individual who will not submitted this procedure will be in eligible to be involved with children on behalf of the church. The cost for any CRC's requested by Fountain gate Christian Assembly will be borne by the church. Minors under 16 years of age are exempt from the CRC.

New workers may begin working for the church provided they can give evidence of having applied for a Criminal Record Check. This grace period will not exceed 120 days.

a copy of the CRC's are to be given to the church to the attention of the Senior Pastor. If there is no criminal record of any sort, the volunteer may be considered for ongoing service in the church. (remove)

If there is a record or information which raises some concern, the designated ministry leader and the pastor in charge of the volunteer will meet to discuss the matter.

If the offense is other than child or sexual abuse, the volunteer may proceed with ministry in the church provided both the pastor and the ministry leader involved agree. The following are criteria to consider when evaluating the information:

- the number and type of convictions
- the age and circumstances of the offender at the time of the offense
- the length of time between past criminal activity and the present
- the conduct and circumstances of the individual since the offense
- · the likelihood of the individual repeating the offense

Iftheoffenseisrelated toabuseofchildren orofasexual nature, thevolunteer may notbe involved in ministrywith children onbehalf ofFountaingateChristianAssembly.

The information contained in the CRC's is considered strictly confidential. Only the affected pastor, the Ministry Leader, and other appropriate senior staff of the church can be privy to the information. The Board of Elders will be consulted for their approval only in the event of

disagreement.

A "Plan to Protect" Training

<u>AllMinistryLeaderswillbeequippedwithtrainingregardingchildsafetyand child abuse prevention. Each leadermustsignarecordindicatingtheyhavebeentrained orhaveread throughthe "APIantoProtect" materials; that record must be kept in the Volunteer Placement File. (see Appendix 3E)</u>

Approval Process

- All Ministry Leaders must be approved by the Ministry Leader involved.
- · Approved volunteers will have completed a screening process which includes:
 - a) Regular attendance at this church for at least six months, or having been received into membership, and
 - b) Completing a Ministry Volunteer Application Form, and
 - c) An interview.
- All forms will be kept for a period of at least 10 years.
- As the church commences the screening procedure for volunteer workers, those already active in volunteer service will also complete the Criminal Record Check.
- If any current volunteer has a criminal conviction or has plead guilty to sexual or child abuse, that individual must be sensitively relieved of any duties in working with youth or children.

What kinds of criminal convictions disqualify an individual for youth work in Fountaingate Christian Assembly?

A criminal conviction for a sexual offense involving a minor would certainly disqualify an applicant. In the case of pedophiliac behaviour (molestation of a pre-adolescent child) such a conviction should disqualify an individual no matter how long ago it occurred. Other automatic disqualifiers would include incest, rape, assaults involving minors, murder, kidnapping, child pornography, sodomy, and the physical abuse of a minor.

Other crimes would strongly indicate that a person should not be considered for work with minors in our church. Some crimes would not be automatic disqualifiers, because they would not necessarily suggest a risk of child abuse or molestation. Some property offenses would not be included in this list, particularly if the offense occurred long ago and the individual has a long history of impeccable behaviour.

Should religious conversion make a difference for a youth worker who has been guilty of child molestation in the past? Occasionally, such persons freely admit to a prior incident, but insist that they have since had a conversion experience and that they now present no risk whatever. The safestcoursewouldbetoencouragesuch anindividual toworkinthechurch,butin apositionnotinvolvingaccesstochildrenoryouth. This is a reasonable accommodation of the individual's desire to serve Fountaingate Christian Assembly. Anychurchthatpermitssuch anindividualtoworkwithchildrenoryouth,onthe basisoftheprofessedreligiousconversion,willhaveavirtuallyindefensibleposition should anotherincidentofmolestationoccur. A defense – that the molester claimed to have been converted – would likely be viewed with derision by a civil court. Putting a known child molester in a position involving access to children is taking an enormous risk.

Adult survivors of child abuse must meet with a pastor or designate before working with children or youth.

This policy is included because of litigation suggesting that it is negligent for a church to hire children's workers without asking them if they were themselves victims of child abuse. Somecourtshavesaidthatthestatisticalcorrelationbetweenpersons who abuse children who were themselves abused asminors is so high that this kind of question must be asked. Fountaingate Christian Assembly wants to respond to these legal developments, while at the same time preserving as much as possible the confidentiality of this kind of information.

Persons who are adult survivors of abuse should not automatically be disqualified from further consideration. Rather this information simply imposes on Fountaingate Christian Assembly a higher duty of care. If the Criminal Record Check comes back with no record of any child abuse or molestation, and if there is no other indication that the applicant poses a risk (from references or previous churches), then there is no reason why the person cannot serve. In some instances when warranted, counselling may be recommended.



Chapter 7

INCIDENT REPORTING PROCEDURES

f you have any concerns regarding the safety of a child, you should report to your Ministry Leader. They will then work with the elders in contacting the appropriate child protection agency. The senior pastor will contact the church's legal advisor if required. Where a pastor is involved in the allegation, the Board of Elders and the church where the pastor is ordained and accountable to will also be advised.

Any person who has reasonable grounds to believe that a child (or children) is in need of protection is legally required to report the matter to a social worker at the local office of the Children's Aid Society. <u>Apersonwhoknowinglyfailstoreportinthese circumstancesisinviolationofthelawand may befound tohavecommittedan offense</u>. (Please refer to the "Understanding Child Abuse" section earlier in this document.)

Abuse orneglectneednothavealreadyoccurredforachildtobeinneedof protection; it is notnecessary towaituntilachildhas been harmed to intervene. When abuse or neglect can be reasonably anticipated and there are reasonable grounds to believe a child is in need of protection, the legal obligation to report applies.

Historical abuse or neglect, that is, abuse or neglect which occurred in the not very recent past, must be reported wherever there are reasonable grounds to believe that a child may be in need of protection. If the alleged of fender is in regular contact with a child or children, irrespective of whether it is the same child or children abused in the past, there may be grounds to be lieve that the child or children are at risk based on the offender's past behaviour. It is particularly vital to report these cases where the alleged abuser is in a position of trust concerning children, such as a teaching position.

Discuss Suspicious Behaviour Immediately

Anyinappropriateconductorrelationshipsbetweenadultvolunteerworkersand a youthor achildmustbeconfrontedimmediatelyand investigated. Prompt warnings must be issued when appropriate, and the situation monitored very closely. The adult worker's services should be terminated immediately for continued violation of sufficient gravity. Ministry Leaders should note when a youth or child appears aloof or withdrawn, or exhibits a marked personality change. This may indicate a problem that deserves attention.

Some conduct just deserves an initial comment while other conduct requires reporting.

Example. The church youth group is having a picnic at a local lake. Following a volleyball game, one of the male chaperones begins to massage the shoulders of one of the female youth members. They are seated at a picnic table surrounded by other students. A second adult chaperone discretely pulls the first one aside and comments, "You probably weren't aware, but giving massages falls outside of proper volunteer conduct."

Example. Same facts as the preceding example, but the volunteer worker walks the student to an isolated location and massages her shoulders while laying down on the ground next to her. A second volunteer sees what is happening and immediately reports it to the adult in charge.

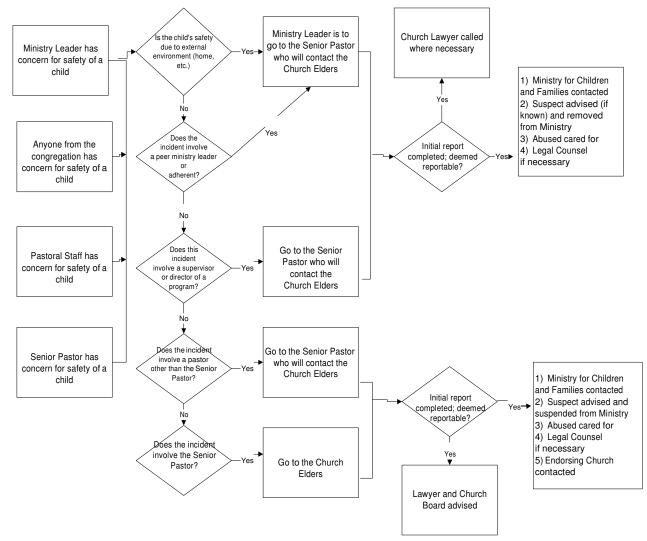
Example. A male youth volunteer is seen kissing a female member of the youth group. The action is immediately reported to the pastor.

When an allegation occurs

In the case of an actual allegation, follow the seguide lines:

- <u>Documentallyoureffortsathandlingtheincident.</u>
- ReporttheincidentimmediatelytotheSeniorPastororhisdesignatewhomay in turn drawinthechurch'slawyerifrequired. Do not try to handle this without professional outside assistance. The accused should also consider legal counsel.

The schematic drawing below illustrates the Reporting Lines of Communication for any case of suspected Child Abuse at Fountaingate Christian Assembly:



This process must be implemented as soon as possible after the allegation comes to light. (within one hour is advised)

- Contact the Children's Aid Society. Do not attempt an in-depth investigation. This should be left to professionals who are familiar with these cases.
- Do not prejudge the situation, but take the allegations seriously and reach out to the victim and the victim's family. Showing care and support help to prevent further hurt. Extend whatever pastoral resources are needed. Remember that the care and safety of the victim is the first priority. In some situations, churches have responded in a negative or non-supportive manner to the alleged victim. This can increase the anger and pain of the victim and the victim's family. Future reconciliation will be more difficult. The possibility of damaging litigation increases.
- Treat the accused with dignity and support. If the accused is a church worker, that
 person should be relieved temporarily of his or her duties until the investigation is
 finished. If the person is a paid employee, arrangements should be made to
 maintain his or her income until the allegations are cleared or substantiated.

Confidentiality

In these matters it is important to keep the information restricted to those who need to be advised, therefore, all suspicions of abuse should be directed only to the Ministry Leader of that department and the senior pastor. It is the responsibility of the pastoral staff to contact the local office of the Ministry for Child and Family Services (CAS).

Physicians, clergymen and others who consider their professional relationships confidential for certain purposes are not exempt from the duty to report child abuse or neglect.

Responding to the Child

When the child first comes to you, be sure to take his or her word seriously. Don't deny the problem, but stay calm and listen to the child. Give emotional support, reminding the child that he or she is not at fault. Tell the child that he or she was right in telling you about the problem. Do not promise the child you will not tell anyone.

Protection from Liability

Church personnel are required to immediately report to the Children's Aid Society any suspected case of child abuse. It is not a breach of confidence between church personnel and the child involved. No person is personally liable for anything done or omitted in good faith in the exercise of this responsibility. As church leaders, we are accountable to God to protect His little ones. Although it is our desire to protect the parents as much as legally possible from undue interference by outside authorities into their family, the protection of children from abuse is even more important. We want to follow the principles of submitting to governing authorities (Romans 13:1 ff) while at the same time helping parents to exercise child discipline that is consistent with the Scriptures, and in the best interest of the children.

<u>Aspart of achild protection investigation, social workers are required under the Child, Family and Community Services Actto assess:</u>

- the child's current state of health;
- · their sense of safety and their views of abuse
- previous abuse, neglect or harm; and
- the ability of the parent(s) to care for and protect the child.

The social worker will talk to people who have contact with the child and family. They may request records or other types of information. They are entitled to whatever information is needed to complete an investigation. If denied access to a record, they can seek a court order.

When a Ministry Leader receives a request for information regarding a child attending our facility the following process should be followed at all times to assure the health and safety of the child in your care.

- A. Any request from a child protection social worker should be in person and the protection worker should carry and show you photo ID.
- B. On the occasions where there is an urgency and the child protection social worker is unable to visit the facility and show photo ID, the protection social worker may telephone you from their office.
 - The social worker is to identify him/herself
 - They are to explain the information they are requesting and the process you are to follow. They WILL NOT ask for information at this time. You are NOT to give information at this time
 - The social worker will give you their name and their office phone number
 - You will check the number given with the phone number of the local offices listed in this chapter to make sure they match
 - You may telephone the district supervisor of child protection to make sure this is a legitimate request.
 - You will then call the number given by the social worker. At that time the social worker will ask for the information needed.
 - You will provide the necessary information
 - You will then ask to be to be told what happens. This is very important. It becomes extremely important if the child continues to attend our facility.
- C. It is possible that a protection social worker may call from their cell phone. This is the least acceptable form of requesting information from a caregiver. The exact same process as a request by telephone with one additional stipulation:

If it is after hours and the office cannot be contacted or the cell number confirmed, the caregiver is not to give out any information. They can request the social worker appear at the church with photo ID.

D. No information is to be given out if the request is from a pay phone, or for any other type of request.

Who Must Report

Any person who has reasonable grounds to believe that a child (or children) is in need of protection is legally required to report the matter as outlined in this document. <u>A personwhoknowinglyfailstoreportinthesecircumstancesisinviolationofthelaw and may be</u> found to have committed an offense.

For working definitions of abuse and neglect, see the "Understanding Child Abuse" section found in Chapter 2.

Social workers designated to receive reports are trained to investigate and assess the need for intervention. Other professionals must not assume this function. A professional who does so and fails to report commits an offense. The Act protects an individual when a report is made. No action would be taken against a person making a report unless it is made maliciously or without reasonable grounds for the belief.

Report Follow-Up

A confidential written report (See Appendix 2B) with conclusions and action taken should always be made by the pastor heading up that ministry following a child abuse report. These reports should be kept in a confidential personnel file.

Response to Allegations of Abuse

BePreparedinAdvance

Realistically, no practical prevention strategy is 100 percent effective. An accusation of child sexual abuse may occur in any church. Fountaingate Christian Assembly has a premeditated plan or strategy to respond to sexual abuse allegations. The church should not try to navigate a crisis situation without a compass to guide it. Wrong actions can multiply the pain and liability inherent in an abuse case.

An effective response strategy recognizes the following underlying principles:

- All allegations are to be taken seriously.
- Situations must be handled forthrightly with due respect for people's privacy and confidentiality.
- Full co-operation must be given to civil authorities under the guidance of our church lawyer if required.
- Adequate care must be shown for the well-being of victims.
- The victim should not be held responsible in any way.

Records

Always have adequate records of workers' applications, references and screening forms. They should be up-to-date and accessible. Records should be kept at least five years.

<u>Spokesperson</u>

The senior pastor or his designate will be the spokesperson for the church. He will speak to the media and the congregation regarding the matter in a discreet, informed, truthful and diplomatic way. (Often, the media interviews several church leaders who have never given any consideration to responding to such inquiries. In such cases, conflicting and contradictory statements can abound, and the public will develop a negative impression of the church. This is avoided when only one person is designated to speak for the church in such cases).

PositionStatement

In an allegation of abuse, the statement below is to be used for a public response until all of the facts are uncovered and the case reviewed:

"It is always tragic when children are abused or exploited. Fountaingate Christian Assembly is aware of the ever growing nature of child abuse. We have taken careful precautions to protect the children entrusted to our care. We are distressed by any accusation of child abuse. We will do everything in our power to address any needs in this situation. For the welfare of those involved, all information has been directed to the (insert name of appropriate agencies and authorities).

This is a clear position statement of Fountaingate Christian Assembly regarding child sexual abuse. The policies and established safeguards are included. Having a carefully prepared statement is far superior to making no comment.

This is an opportunity to influence public opinion positively by emphasizing an awareness of the problem of child abuse, a concern for victims, and the extensive steps Fountaingate Christian Assembly has taken to reduce the risk and provide a safe environment for children. It lets the media know that Fountaingate Christian Assembly takes the risk of child abuse seriously, and that we have acted responsibly. This is not the time for silence or "no comment." We will not surrender the pulpit to those who will criticize and condemn the church. FountaingateChristianAssemblywill notengageindenial, minimization, orblame

Often when confronted with an allegation of abuse, a church may respond in one or more of the following ways:

- Deny that the incident occurred, despite clear evidence to the contrary Acknowledge that the incident occurred, but minimize it. For example, a church leader may say, "It only happened once," or "It wasn't that serious".
- Blame the victim or the victim's family.

These responses are all inappropriate and are to be avoided.

Don'tbeAccusatory

Avoid spelling out the details of an accusation in a public interview.

UseaLawver

Always have the church's lawyer present while answering any investigative questions from the police or social service agencies. The accused should follow the same procedure with their lawyer.

Chapter 8

IMPILEMENTATION PROCEDURES

The topic of child abuse and this Prevention Plan will create a variety of reactions among congregational members. Many will be in favor of the concept. Others will have questions and reservations. It is important for leadership to continually provide prospective leaders and vested interest groups the need for such a policy then give them opportunities for providing feedback. The topic can be presented in Leadership Seminars and Sunday or mid-week Adult classes. Staff members or other Ministry Leaders will be available to answer concerns and provide specific answers about this particular aspect of the church's policies.

Presenting this Policy

Thefollowingkeypointsshouldbemade:

- Child sexual abuse can happen in our church.
- One incident can devastate a child, a family and the church.
- The legal liabilities can be enormous.
- Church leaders may be held liable.
- A prevention program can reduce risk through relatively simple procedures.

It is important to periodically inform the congregation of the key issues pertaining to child sexual abuse and why a decision was made to establish a prevention plan. This will continue to nurture an emotional commitment within our membership to maintain a safe church environment for all children and youth.

The climate in these presentations should not be one of sober reflection but of hope. You want the people to realize that Fountaingate Christian Assembly is taking action to minister to this need. The focus should be upon the great responsibility God has given to us to care for our children. <u>Scriptureversesmightbeused such asthe following: Psalm78:1-6;Psalm127; Psalm46:1,6;2Samuel13; Matthew18:1-6; Matthew18:10;Luke 18:15-17;Ephesians5:11-13.</u>

Monitoring of Policy

Church Board and Ministry leaders should thoroughly review these policies and procedures as part of their pre-fall program planning.

After the initial emphasis on the program wanes, workers may begin to ignore basic policies. For example, the Two Adult Rule may become routinely neglected. <u>Attention</u> mustbegiventoperiodicmonitoringthatexaminesthefollowing:

- Has each Leader trained his/her workers regarding these policies?
- Are workers following the required policies and guidelines?
- What obstacles exist in complying with the policies?
- What is the level of cooperation?
- Do sufficient materials exist for training and information?
- Are the policies printed and available?

Thoroughly discuss each policy and procedure with your department heads and/or ministry leaders. Work through all concerns. If problems exist in the policies, they should be brought to the attention of the Board of Elders. Consider revisions, but changes must not sacrifice the integrity of the program. Work at developing a sense of unity before educating workers and volunteers. Also work with the Provincial authorities by having them review the policy to ensure completeness and legal compliance.

Educate Workers and Volunteers

Routines must be established for the training of all new workers who serve the church. Nursery workers fall into a category that we will consider separately.

A. <u>FutureWorkers</u>

Often, new workers begin together as a group at the start of a new quarter or educational period. Sometimes, however, a new worker becomes active after a program has already begun. A plan must exist to provide training for all workers, regardless of when they begin. Begin with a new member orientation class. All church members should be aware of basic policies concerning working with youth and children.

Group training will occur at the start of each new program year. Individuals who begin at a later date should meet with a designated person to review the policies and procedures and to complete the screening form. These workers should view the entire video presentation and read the policy manual. They will then be enrolled for the next scheduled training class.

B. AnnualTraining/AdditionalClasses

A regularly scheduled annual training program should be offered each Fall as school begins and church programs gear up for the new church year. Additional classes can be scheduled as required. This will all be co-ordinated by the Christian Education Ministry Leader.

C. Nursery

Fountaingate Christian Assembly uses a number of volunteer workers in the nursery programs. Many of these volunteers may serve only a few hours each year. Special training sessions will be conducted for all volunteer nursery workers outlining nursery policy and procedures, behavioral guidelines, and where to find supplies.

Chapter 9

ACCOUNTRABILITY

If it is proven that a ministry leader of Fountaingate Christian Assembly has committed child abuse, the church will practice discipline according to Matthew 18:15-17, the policy manual of the church and the Ministry Covenant. The church must avoid any undue interference when a report of child abuse has been filed with the Children's Aid Society. The church should ask the agency how it can assist in helping and supporting the hurting child and his or her family. The church should maintain frequent communication and supportive relationships with those suspected or guilty of child abuse as long as these persons exhibit a willingness to listen, change and look to Christ for help. This does not exclude the need for hurting individuals to receive professional counselling.

The complete text of the Ministry Covenant including disciplinary measures, can be found in the appendices.

An accusation of child sexual abuse may occur in any church. Wrong reactions can multiply the pain and liability inherent in an abuse case.

GILOSSARY OF TERMS

Child abuse: Defined by law, but generally includes (1) non-accidental physical injury, sexual contact or exploitation, (3) neglect and (4) emotional distress

Child sexual abuse: Generally any sexual contact with or exploitation between an adult or caregiver and a child or adolescent even if the victim gives consent.

Ephebophilia: An exclusive sexual interest in adolescents usually of the same gender.

Exhibitionism: Sexual perversion marked by a tendency of indecent exposure.

Felony: A serious criminal offense as defined by law

Guarantor: A person or organization that is legally responsible for the actions or debts of another.

Homosexual contact: In reference to child abuse, this indicates the nature of the offense and not the sexual orientation of the offender.

Liability: Legal responsibility, often resulting in monetary damages.

Molestation: Improper sexual advances or activity with a child.

Negligence: A failure to exercise reasonable care.

Negligent selection: A failure to exercise reasonable care in hiring or selecting either paid employees or volunteer workers.

Negligent supervision: A failure to exercise reasonable care in the supervision of either paid employees or volunteer workers.

Pedophilia: An exclusive sexual interest in children who are before the age of puberty

Perpetrator: A person who commits an act of child sexual abuse

Punitive damages: Money damages that can be awarded by a court against a person or organization that engages in reckless behaviour.

Policy: A rule which describes or structures the proper working behaviour of a church staff member or volunteer.

Promiscuity: The tendency towards indiscriminate frequent sexual behaviour

Reasonable care: The care that would be exercised by an ordinarily prudent person under the same or similar circumstances.

Respondent Superior: A legal principle by which an employer is legally responsible for the negligence of its employees committed within the scope of their employment.

Seduction: Inducing another person to engage in sexual contact.

Church: Fountaingate Christian Assembly and its related ministries

Church Ministries Committee: A group of people responsible for the co-ordinating, screening, and placing of approved volunteers into the ministries of Fountaingate Christian Assembly.

Volunteer Placement File: A file kept on each prospective volunteer which includes the Ministry Volunteer Application Form, record of criminal security check, record of reference checks, spiritual gift evaluation (if available), past areas of service, and a record of the interview by the Ministry Counsellor.

Prospective Volunteer: Children, youth, or adults associated with Fountaingate Christian Assembly, either by regular attendance (adherent), or membership, and awaiting approval by the Church Ministries Committee or Board of Elders for volunteer service.

Approved Volunteer: A volunteer who has completed the Ministry Volunteer Application Form, completed a volunteer interview with a Ministry Counsellor and based upon review of the completed forms and interview, is placed in a ministry.

Ministry Volunteer Application Form: An application form which has been approved by the Board of Elders which is consistently used in the screening of prospective volunteers. Completed application forms are to be kept confidential and used only by the Church Board, Church Ministry Leader and Ministry Counsellors.

STATEMENT OF FUNDAMENTAL & ESSENTIAL BELIEFS

By-Laws

adopted by Fountaingate Christian Assembly July 31, 2012

STATEMENT OF COMMON BELIEFS

We Believe:

The Bible to be the only inspired, infallible, and authoritative Word of God. (John 16:13;

II Timothy 3:15-17; II Peter 1:21; I Thessalonians 2:13)

That there is one God, eternally existent in three persons, Father, Son and Holy Spirit. (Deuteronomy 6:4; Isaiah 43:10,11; Matthew 28:19; Luke 3:22: John 14:6)

In the deity of our Lord Jesus Christ; (John 1:1,14; 20:28,29; Philippians 2:6-11; Isaiah 9:6; Colossians 2:9)

His virgin birth; (Matthew 1:18; Luke 1:34-35; Isaiah 7:14)

His sinless life; (II Corinthians 5:21; Hebrews 4:15; 7:26-27; I John 3:5; I Peter 2:22)

His miracles; (Matthew 4:23; Luke 6:17-19; John 3:2)

His vicarious and atoning death through His shed blood; (Colossians 1:14, 20; Romans 5:8,9; Ephesians 1:7).

His bodily resurrection; (I Corinthians 15:3,4; Luke 24:4-7, 36-48; Revelation 1:17,18)

His ascension to the right hand of the Father; (Acts 2:23; 5:30,31; I Peter 3:22)

His personal return in power and in glory. (Acts 1:11; Philippians 2:9-11;

I Thessalonians 1:10; 4:13-18; John 14:1-3)

That the justification by faith in the atonement of Jesus Christ and regeneration by the Holy Spirit is absolutely essential for the salvation of lost and sinful man. (Romans 3:24,25; John 3:3-7;

Ephesians 2:1-16; Revelation 5:9; Acts 4:12; I Corinthians 6:11; I John 5:11-13)

The prime agency for the work of God's Kingdom is the Christian local church functioning under the sovereignty of our Lord Jesus Christ. To the church have been entrusted the ordinances of Believer's Baptism and the Lord's Supper. (Acts 2:41-47; 16:4,5; Matthew 16:18; 28:18-20; Ephesians 1:22-23; I Corinthians 12; II Corinthians 11:23-26)

In the present ministry of the Holy Spirit which includes: the baptism in the Holy Spirit as a distinct experience from regeneration; His indwelling whereby the Christian is enabled to live a godly life; His supernatural gifting and empowering of the church for its work, life and worship. (Luke 24:49; Acts 1:4-8; 2:1-4; 10:44-46; I Corinthians 12,14)

In the return of Jesus Christ, to consummate His Kingdom in the resurrection of both the saved and the lost; those who are saved unto the resurrection of life, and those who are lost unto the resurrection of damnation. (John 5:28,29; Mark 14:62; II Thessalonians 1:2-10; Revelation 1:5-7; 20:4-5, 11-12) In the spiritual unity of believers in our Lord Jesus Christ. (John 17:11, 21-23; Romans 12:4,5; Ephesians 4:11-16)

Appendix 1B

MY MINISTRY COVENANT THE MEANING OF THIS COVENANT:

I understand that a covenant is a promise, that it is not merely a mutual acquaintance but a commitment to responsibility and action.

Acknowledgment of WHAT MY MINISTRY LOOKS LIKE AT Fountaingate Christian Assembly:

Here at Fountaingate Christian Assembly, we believe that ANY PERSON WHO PARTICIPATES IN ANY FORM OF SERVICE TO THIS BODY, NO MATTER HOW MENIAL IT MAY APPEAR TO BE, IS INVOLVED IN MINISTRY LEADERSHIP. WE FURTHER BELIEVE THAT God intended THESE MINISTRIES be carried out in the spirit of a servant. Although our talents, personalities and gifts may vary, Scripture clearly teaches a leadership style that is uniquely Christian. It has been given to us by the Lord of the Church. Jesus has demonstrated this leadership style, and commanded us to do likewise.

"Do nothing from selfish or empty conceit, but with humility of mind let each of you regard one another as more important than himself; do not merely look out for your own personal interests, but also for the interests of others. Have this attitude in yourselves which was also in Christ Jesus, who, although He existed in the form of God, did not regard equality with God a thing to be grasped, but emptied Himself, taking the form of a bond-servant, being made in the likeness of men. And being found in appearance as a man, He humbled Himself by becoming obedient to the point of death, even death on a cross." Phil. 2:3-8 (NAS)

Servant Leadership is much more than a leadership style we act out and master like other management styles. Servant leadership begins with the heart, with our attitude and with our motives. A servant-leader can be characterized by submission, love, compassion, persistence in the pursuit of God's will, and self-sacrifice. Reflections from Scripture on Servanthood: *John 17, Phil. 2:3-8, John 6:38-40, John 15:12-13, 1Corinthians 13*

MY QUALIFICATIONS FOR MINISTRY AT Fountaingate Christian Assembly:

A life that qualifies FOR MINISTRY LEADERSHIP at Fountaingate Christian Assembly exhibits personal morality and character consistent with the Bible. While recognizing that grace abounds in our experience with Christ, and that in Christ there is forgiveness for moral failure, it is also recognized that biblical principles and standards are what qualify and empower an individual to lead.

Models, not just rhetoric, change people. Our primary mandate in this church is to "make disciples, teaching them to obey" (Matt. 28:19). Modeling biblical truth and standards gives those who are young (in age or faith) an example to follow; an illustration of what it means to be a Christian. It gives the church community confidence in the integrity of their church and the quality of our vision.

I ACCEPT the responsibility of MODELING A BIBLICAL LIFESTYLE:

I understand that consistent modeling requires diligence in the pursuit of the biblical lifestyle. There are some things that we can do to renew ourselves from the inside out. There is a need to 'keep short accounts with God' (confession). We must be sensitive to sin so that we can easily identify it and recognize its presence in our own lives. We must immediately go to God and ask forgiveness. A lifestyle of sin evolves through inattention and insensitivity to God's view of sinful behavior.

The biblical lifestyle is both a life of participating and a life of abstaining. In participating we are to fully involve him/herself in the principles and, when appropriate, the programs of our church .

Abstaining is also considered part of the biblical lifestyle. Abstaining from what the Bible refers to as acts of the sinful nature, means not participating in an activity that is harmful to both your personal welfare and that of the church. A list of some acts of the sinful nature are as follows:

Adultery, cohabitation that includes physical intimacy and/or negatively impacts the church as a result of the appearance of evil, occultist practices, dissensions/factions, drunkenness, lesbian or homosexual activity, criminal activity, any sexual abuse, and/or any behaviour that is deemed to be detrimental to the purposes of the church.

By no means is the above list a comprehensive representation of acts that would require disciplinary attention. We are to abstain from ANY ACT OR ATTITUDE that is counter-productive to the purposes of the church or its ministries.

COVENANT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Having received Christ as my Lord and Saviour, and in recognition of God's covenants toward us, I understand and agree to the content of this Ministry Covenant. I resolve to minister within the church and within the world as a servant of Jesus Christ, under God, and according to Scripture. The following statements help to further define my commitment:

I. I will protect the unity of my church

- · by acting in love toward other members
- by refusing to gossip
- by following the leaders
- by being supportive of Fountaingate Christian Assembly's Statement of Faith
- by complying with Fountaingate Christian Assembly's Constitution and By-laws.

II. I will share the growth of my church

- by praying for its growth
- · by inviting the unchurched to attend
- by warmly welcoming those who visit.

III. I will serve the ministry of my church

- by discovering my gifts and talents
- · by actively involving myself in ministry
- by being equipped to serve by my pastors
- · by developing a servant's heart
- by ministering in cooperation with others in the Body of Christ
- by supporting, through prayer and affirmation, others' gifts and ministries.

IV. I will support the testimony of my church

- by attending faithfully
- by living a godly life (applying Biblical principles in all aspects of my life)
- by keeping a regular, personal quiet time of Bible reading and prayer and regularly confessing my sins before God
- · by giving regularly
- by abstaining from any act or attitude that is counter-productive to the purposes of the church or its ministries.

I understand that Fountaingate Christian Assembly is responsible for the welfare of any person entrusted to my care, and thus I will co-operate fully with the staff in the fulfillment of my duties and will keep all information I encounter in my role as a Ministry Leader, confidential. If, at any time, I find that for any reason I am unable to support the policies, procedures, or doctrines of Fountaingate Christian Assembly, I will gracefully and quietly resign my position.

If I fail to live a life consistent with God's word so that my witness, the reputation of the Name of Christ and / or the integrity of Fountaingate Christian Assembly is compromised, I will withdraw from my position of ministry and submit to a process of restoration.

Name: (Please Print):	Date:
Signature:	

[&]quot;So let us concentrate on the things which make for harmony, and on the growth of our fellowship together." (Rom. 14:19)

[&]quot;Have a sincere love for other believers, love one another earnestly with all your heart." (1 Peter 1:22)

[&]quot;Do not let any unwholesome talk come out of your mouths, but only what is helpful for building others up according to their needs." (Eph. 4:29)

[&]quot;Obey your leaders and submit to their authority. They keep watch over you as men who must give an account. Obey them so that their work will be a joy, not a burden, for that would be no advantage to you." (Heb. 13:17)

[&]quot;To the church – We always thank God for you and pray for you constantly." (1Thess.1:1-2)

[&]quot;The Master said to the servant, 'Go out to the roads and country lanes, and urge the people there to come so my house will be full" (Luke 14:23)

[&]quot;So, warmly welcome each other into the church, just as Christ has warmly welcomed you; then God will be glorified." (Rom. 15:7)

[&]quot;Serve one another with the particular gifts God has given each of you" (1 Peter 4:10)

[&]quot;God gave.. some to be pastors and teachers, to prepare God's people for works of service, so that the Body of Christ may be built up." (Eph. 4:11-12)

[&]quot;Each of you should look not only to your own interests, but also to the interests of others. Your attitude should be the same as that of Christ Jesus; Who...[took on] the very nature of a servant." (Phil. 2:3-4, 7)

[&]quot;Let us not give up meeting together ... but let us encourage one another." (Heb. 10:25)

[&]quot;Whatever happens, make sure that your everyday life is worthy of the gospel of Christ." (Phil. 1:27)

[&]quot;Each one of you, on the first day of each week, should set aside a specific sum of money in proportion to what you have earned and use it for the offering". (1 Cor. 16:2)

[&]quot;A tenth of [all your] produce ... is the Lord's and is holy." (Lev. 27:30)

DISCIPLINE AND RESTORATION OF MINISTRY LEADERS

All who are involved in Ministry Leadership must practice what they confess with their mouths. Anyone who fails to model and exemplify a lifestyle consistent with God's Word so the integrity and testimony of the church is undermined, will be subject to a process of discipline. The paramount concern in any disciplinary action must be the restoration of the reputation and integrity of the name of Christ as represented through the ministry of Fountaingate Christian Assembly, and the restoration of the person under discipline to a full and complete fellowship in the body.

The Senior Pastor and the Board of Elders will be primarily responsible for the consistent and adequate application of the discipline and restoration. Generally, anyone who breaches a standard which significantly impacts his or her personal testimony and the corporate reputation of Fountaingate Christian Assembly will be asked to submit his/her resignation from ministry leadership and will remain inactive in ministry for a minimum of one year. This year may be extended upon the counsel of the Senior Pastor and the Board of Elders.

Guiding Principles in the Discipline of Ministry Leaders

The church is spoken of as a body with each member contributing to its overall success and health (1 Cor. 12). When one part of the body is infected or injured by sin or by being sinned against, a restorative process needs to occur so that full health and strength may be regained.

In a healthy church, the restoring of a sinning ministry leader should be a quiet and normative process. It calls for each of us to care and to love enough to speak to someone who is sinning. Frequently this is all that will be required. There are times, however, when the process of accountability goes beyond a private calling to account or a gentle admonition. In 1 Cor. 5, Paul further extends the process of accountability beyond the realm of interpersonal offenses to behaviours or attitudes which are an offense against the testimony and integrity of the entire church and the name of Jesus Christ. When the offense is interpersonal in nature, and yet resistance occurs and sin persists, the health of the body, the honour of the name of Christ and obedience to Christ require that others become involved in the restorative process. The primary instruction in scripture on this process is found in Matthew 18:15-20. (For Scriptural listings of sins see Mark 7:21-22; Romans 16:17; Gal. 5:19-21; II Tim. 3:1-5).

As a local church, Fountaingate Christian Assembly is under the authority of the Lord Jesus Christ and is therefore called upon by Him to submit to the authority of local government (Romans 13:1-7). We will act in accordance with all government laws and regulations within the bounds of Scripture.

Appendix 2A

REPORT FORM SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE

	DATE:
NAME OF CHILD	
ADDRESS:	
PHONE NUMBER:	
NAME OF PERSON FILING REPOR	RT:
NAME OF PERSON RECEIVING R	EPORT:
	, sexual, emotional, neglect):
_	uding facts, physical signs and course of events where
	e):
The above information will serve as a	guide and will be necessary if a formal report is filed with agency. All information received is to be kept STRICTLY
	Signed:
(Person Reporting)	(Pastor)

Fountaingate Christian Assembly Children's / Youth Ministries

216 Ellen Ave., Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3L7 (613) 932-0685 Fax: (613) 932-4955 e-mail: revbm@fountaingate.org

Appendix 2B

FOLLOW-UP REPORT SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE

NAME OF CHILD:	
ADDRESS:	
PHONE NUMBER:	
NAME OF PERSON WHO FILED	INITIAL REPORT:
NAME OF PERSON RECEIVING	REPORT:
CONCLUSIONS:	
Action taken: (Including date and t	ime):
	s a guide and will be necessary if a formal report is filed with nt agency. All information received is to be kept STRICTLY
Signed:	Date:
(Pastor)	

Fountaingate Christian Assembly Children's / Youth Ministries

216 Ellen Ave., Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3L7 (613) 932-0685 Fax: (613) 932-495

e-mail: fountaingate@bell.net

Appendix 2C

WAIVER & MEDICAL RELEASE FORM Field Trips and Special Events

Activity:	Date:
Name of Child:Address:	Age: Postal Code:
Phone: Em	ergency Contact & Phone Number
Does your child have any severe al	lergies? (bee stings, food, penicillin, other drugs) YESNO
f yes, please explain:	
Does your child have any life-threa	tening allergies? YESNO
f yes, please explain:	
s your child bringing any medicati	on with him or her? (Antibiotics, ventilator, Ritalin) YES NO
f yes, please explain:	
Does your child have any physical ware of? YES	emotional, mental or behavioral concerns or limitations that our staff should be NO
f yes, please explain:	
Christian Assembly, its staff, and it requires special medication, x-rays contacted the emergency contact we give permission by your signature cooperation with the doctor to make Your child must be covered by the	and health of your child, but in the event of accident or sickness, Fountaingate ts volunteers are hereby released from any liability. In the event that your child or treatment, the parents/guardians will be notified immediately. If you cannot be ill be called. In the event that neither can be contacted, you as the parent/guardian below for the adult representative of Fountaingate Christian Assembly to work in e any medical decisions that are deemed necessary for your child. Provincial Health Insurance or an equivalent medical insurance. This card needs to
-	e of Fountaingate Christian Assembly to be returned after the event.
	nber:
Name of Family Physician:	Physician's Phone Number:
Parent/Guardian's Signature:	Date:
	Fountaingate Christian Assembly Children's/Youth
	Ministries

(613) 932-0685 Fax: (613) 932-4955 e-mail: fountaingate@bell.net

216 Ellen Ave., Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3L7

Appendix 2D

WAIVER & MEDICAL RELEASE FORM Overnight Events

Activity:			Dat	e:
Name of Child				Age
Address			Postal Coc	le:
Phone		School		
•	-	ngs, food, penicillin, other drugs)		NO
Does your child have any life- If yes, please explain:	threatening allergies	? YESNO		
		her? (Antibiotics, ventilator, Rital		NO
YES NO		ital or behavioral concerns or limit		ff should be aware of?
Check if your child currently,	or within the last thre	ee months, has had any of the follo	owing:	
Appendicitis Asthma Epilepsy Bedwetting Chicken Pox	Ear Infection Hepatitis Diabetes Fainting	Hay Fever Severe Stomach Ache Measles (Red) Measles (German)	Mumps Tonsillitis Sinusitis Other	
Date of last Tetanus shot:		<u></u>		
Precautions are taken for the s Assembly, its staff, and its vo		our child, but in the event of accideleased from any liability.	ent or sickness, Fo	ountaingate Christian
In the event that your child rec	quires special medica	tion, x-rays or treatment, the parer	nts/guardians will	be notified immediately.
In case of surgical emergency, secure proper treatment for, ar	I hereby give permised to order injection,	ssions to the physician selected by anesthesia or surgery for my child	Fountaingate Chras named above.	istian Assembly to hospitalize,
Your child must be covered by	y Provincial Health Ir	nsurance or equivalent medical ins	urance.	
Provincial Health Insurance N	umber			
Name of Family Physician				
Physician's Phone Number				
Parent/Guardian's Signature:		Date:		
		ntaingate Christian Assem hildren's/Youth Ministries	•	

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e-mail: fountaingate@bell.net

Appendix 3A

MINISTRY LEADERSHIP VOLUNTEER APPLICATION FORM FOR MINISTRIES TO CHILDREN & YOUTH

(INFORMATION RECEIVED IS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL)

Fountaingate Christian Assembly

216 Ellen Ave., Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3L7 (613) 932-0685 Fax: (613) 932-4955 email: fountaingate@bell.net

In our desire to reduce the risk of abuse within our church ministries, we believe this information is necessary to protect our children and to protect our volunteers. Thank you in advance for your understanding.

Personal Information
Full Name: MaleFemale
Phone Number (Res.)(Bus.)
AddressPostal Code
e-mail Address
Single Married _ Engaged _ Separated Divorced Remarried _ Widow/widower Date of Birth
Spouse's Name
Occupation and/or Employer:
Hobbies, Interests or Skills:
C . • . • . • . • . • . • . • . • . • .
Spiritual History
How long have you attended Fountaingate Christian Assembly?Member? Yes_ No
When did you accept Christ as your Saviour?
Have you been baptized in water? Yes No

	-2-	-
C	hristian Education History	
an	ave you completed any Teacher Certifica ny training you may have taken that wo inistry.	•
_		
C	hurch Attendance Background	
CI	nurches I have attended in the last five	years are as follows:
1.	Name of Church	Phone No
	Address	
	Dates Attended	Member or Adherent
2.	Name of Church	Phone No
	Address	
	Dates Attended	
P	resent and Previous Ministry E	xperience:
1.	Name of Church	
	Dates and Description of Ministry	
	Pastor or Ministry Leader	Ph. Number
2.	Name of Church	
	Dates and Description of Ministry	
	Pastor or Ministry Leader	Ph. Number
3.	Name of Church	
	Dates and Description of Ministry	
	Pastor or Ministry Leader	

Lif	Cestyle			
nece info war prec that	rder to provide a safe and secure environment for our children, we believe it is essary to include the following questions as part of our application process. All rmation will be kept strictly confidential. (Police may access this information under rant, if requested.) Answering "yes" to any of the questions may not necessarily clude your involvement in ministry. A meeting will be arranged with a Pastor so t you may discuss the circumstances. Thank you in advance for your erstanding.			
If a	ny of the following circumstances apply to you, please check here			
•	Have been convicted of a criminal offense involving children. Have been convicted of a sexually related crime. Have been convicted of an abuse related crime. Have been hospitalized or treated for alcohol or substance abuse. Have any communicable disease. In treatment for any form of mental illness.			
	Do you have any physical conditions that would prevent you from performing certain types of activities (lifting children, playing sports)? If so, please explain.			
Re	ferences			
prov par the	ase provide the names of three individuals, excluding relatives, who could vide a reference for you. If you are a minor, you may use the name of a ent and/or teacher. If possible, include at least one reference from inside church. Name of Reference			
	AddressPhone			
	Name of Reference			
	AddressPhone			
3.	Name of Reference			
,	AddressPhone			

Ministry Profile

In a	answering the	following,	please do	n't be too	humble as	the purp	ose of this	section is
for	you to declar	e your stre	ngths so t	that your	gifting will I	be put to	the best u	se.

Mark the areas in which you desire to: - oversee (put an "O" in the box), - assist (put an "A" in the box), - receive training (put a "T" in the box)

D	Transportation			
D	Nursery			
_	01 11 1 1	,	• \	

- D Children's church (pre-school)
 D Children's S.S. (preschool)
- D Children's S.S. (elementary)
- D Children's Open Sessions
- D Youth Sunday School
- D Youth Midweek
- D Meetings/Activities
- D Vacation Bible School
- D Kid's Choir
- D Prayer
- D Promotions/Contests
- D Recruitment

- D Teacher Training
- **D** Missions Presentations
- **D** Parenting Classes
- D Boys/Girls Club
- D Artistic Design/Murals
- D Crafts
- D Drama/ Puppets
- D Administration/Office
- D Other _____

Do not hesitate to mark more than one area with the same letter. You can show your preference by placing a number with the letter by your preference.

Applicant's Statement

I hereby acknowledge that the information contained in this application for ministry is correct to the best of my knowledge. I authorize any references or churches listed in this application to give you any information they may have regarding my character and fitness for children's ministry, and I release all such references from liability for any damage that may result from furnishing such evaluation to you. I also grant my permission for Fountaingate Christian Assembly to perform a personal Criminal Record Check for the purpose of my protection against any false allegations and for the protection of those I serve. I consent to such an investigation with the understanding that the results will be kept in extreme confidentiality. I further agree to adhere to the Child Protection Policy as adopted by Fountaingate Christian Assembly.

(Applicant's Name - Please Print)	(Date)
(Circuratura)	
(Signature)	

Appendix 3B

To be used by ministry leaders during interview. Not to be given to potential volunteer.

MINISTRY VOLUNTEER INTERVIEW FORM

A completed Ministry Volunteer Application Form for Ministries to Children must be completed and in hand to allow for reference checks and review <u>prior</u> to the interview.

Has anyone explained the types of children's ministries which we provide as a church and which might provide you with an opportunity for volunteer service? YES NO
What prompted you to be interested in the ministry which you identified on your Ministry Volunteer Form?
Would you be willing to attend the training session associated with that ministry? YES NO
Have the potential volunteer review their spiritual journey and compare responses with those indicated on the Spiritual History of the Ministry Volunteer Application Form. Note any significant omissions or questions which arise:
Review the items listed under Confidential Information on the Ministry Volunteer Application Form and note any significant omissions or questions which arise:
Ask the potential volunteer about their relationship with each reference listed on the Ministry Volunteer Application Form.
On what date would you be available?

Fountaingate Christian Assembly Children's/Youth Ministries

216 Ellen Ave., Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3L7 (613) 932-0685 Fax: (613) 932- 4955 e-mail: fountaingate@bell.net

Appendix 3C

CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF CHURCH CONTACT WITH A REFERENCE OR CHURCH IDENTIFIED BY AN APPLICANT FOR CHILDREN'S WORK

Name of Applicant:					
Reference or Church Contacted	Date of Contact	Person Contacting the Reference or Church	Method of Contact (telephone, letter, personal conversation)	Summary of Contact	

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Appendix 3D

SUGGESTED "SCRIPT" FOR TELEPHONE FOLLOW-UP WHEN SCREENING APPLICATIONS

"Hello, this is	I serve on the Children's Ministries Leader
	y churches today, we have a screening policy for
all of the people who volunteer to work with our	r children in Sunday School and other programs. I
	(name of applicant)
1. Indicated on his/her application form that:	
he/she had attended your church/ taught in your	r Sunday School in
	time
	age level
Can you verify this information?	
Would you have any reservations about	working with children?
(If there are reservations, note them on the form	
(. ,	,
OR	
2	listed you as a personal reference.
How long have you known him/her?	
Would you have any reservations about	working with children?
Thank you very much for your help."	
Record all information on the follow-up form an	nd return to

NOTE: If the person who first answers your call does not know the applicant, please try to get the name and number of someone who can help you.

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Appendix 3E

Employee/Volunteer Initial Clearance Checklist

D	Application for Ministries to Children & Youth completed and signed				
D	Application/instructions for Criminal Record Check given to applicant				
D	Reference Contact Form completed and signed; file copy for all contacts				
D	Criminal Records Report completed and received from authorities				
D	Interview Form completed and signed				
D	Driver's Record Check (if required) received				
D	All of the above in order, reviewed, and cleared for applicant to serve in the Children's and Youth ministries at Fountaingate Christian Assembly.				
Sig	nature of Pastor or Ministry Leader:				
Da	te:				
cat	nis cannot be signed at this time because of an unsatisfactory response in any of the above regories, it must be referred to the Senior Pastor before any further discussion with the olicant.				
Dla	cknowledge receipt of the Plan to Protect.				
Sign	ature: Date:				
D Tra	aining on Policy completed Date:				
D Fir	rst Aid Certification/Documentation on file				
	Fountaingate Christian Assembly				

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Policies G - Plan to Protect